# Artificial Intelligence 101

A brief overview:

Machine Learning Deep Learning Data Science

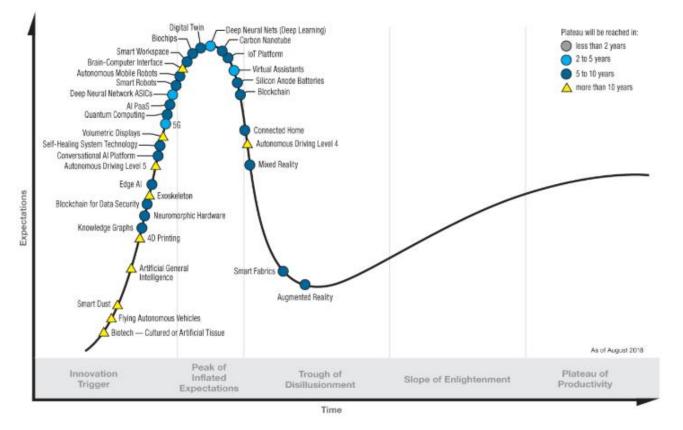
christian.schramm@dell.com

images courtesy of their respective owners



### What does Gartner say?

#### The Gartner Hype Cycle





**D&LL**EMC

### **Voices on Artificial Intelligence**

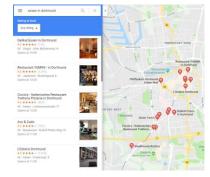
- "AI is the new electricity" (Andrew Ng)
- McKinsey estimates the global market to be 13\$ trillion in 2030.
- Al already has a lot of applications today



### Al is everywhere already

Have you been driving a car lately?







#### Frequently bought together



One of these items is dispatched sooner than the other. Show details
 This items Dell 210 AHJK U2417H Infini Tyedge Monitor 61 cm (24 Inches) EUR 226,00
 Dell Bccq USB 3.0 Black (Gen 1) Type C Replicator Docking Station for Laptop EUR 149,66

Sponsored products related to this item



#### artificial intelligence

```
ai artificial intelligence
applications of artificial intelligence
advantages of artificial intelligence
history of artificial intelligence
machine learning vs artificial intelligence
google artificial intelligence
elon musk artificial intelligence
allen institute for artificial intelligence
artificial intelligence
```











### **Artificial Intelligence**

Drilling down

artificial near intelligence

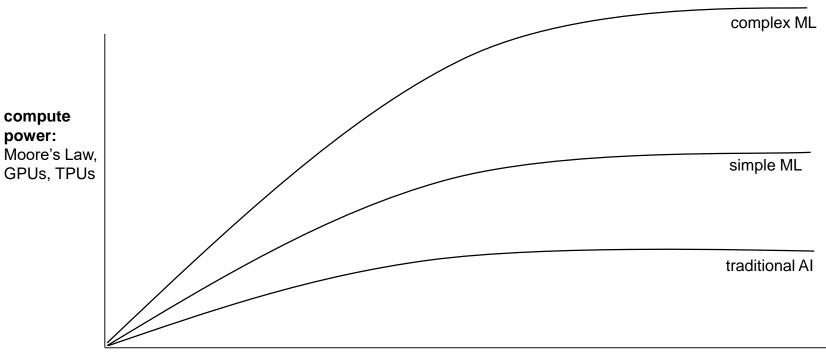
-play games (Go), drive cars, recommend movies, show ads -great progress in specialzed areas

artificial general intelligence
 -mimic human behavior
 -world domination ... of course
 -next to no progress



### Why does this happen?

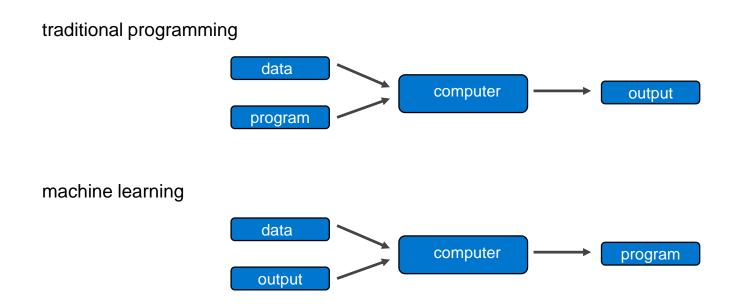
Explosive development of data and compute power



**data:** 90% of all data known to mankind is less than 24 months old: media files in social networks, IoT etc.

### Accelerated development

Picking up speed

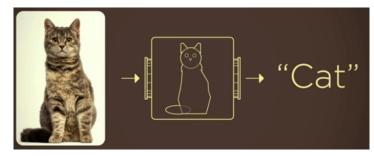


easy-to-use frameworks: Tensorflow, Keras, PyTorch etc.

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### The mathematical approach is insufficient

#### by programming:





result?

#### how humans learn

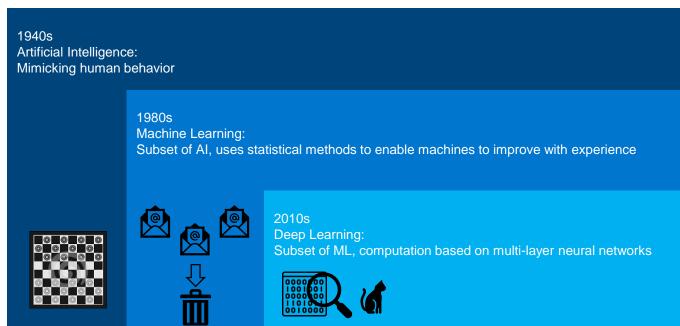


teaching computers: ImageNet (2007): 15m images in 22.000 categories



### A brief overview

30.000 feet and counting





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### AI and Data Science

Complementary subjects

#### **Machine Learning:**

"Field of study that gives computers the ability to learn without being explicitly programmed" (Samuel Arthur, 1959)

#### **Data Science:**

"extracts knowledge and insights from data"

#### May go hand in hand:

findings derived through data science may be used by machine learning, e.g. explore customer base and act upon results

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### **Artificial Intelligence**

Drilling down

### **Supervised Learning:**

Known inputs, known outputs. Apply derived knowledge to new data.

### **Unsupervised Learning:**

Unknown data, "make sense" of it anomaly detection: monitoring, credit card fraud

#### **Reinforcement Learning:**

Touches both SL and UL, learning through trial and error



## **Supervised Learning**

The simplest of the three and the most common

#### **Regression:**

Output is a numerical value, like a forecast

#### **Classification:**

Output is the probability of being part of a category (cat or dog?)

## Supervised Learning classification

input: manually labelled data output: probability of an object being a cat or a dog





="dogs"



96% "dog"





87% "cat"

54% "cat"



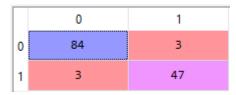
### Accelerated development

Results without understanding the data behind it

#### Input: raw data

Index	mple code numb	Clump Thickness	iformity of Cell Si	formity of Cell Sh	Aarginal Adhesior	gle Epithelial Cell !	Bare Nuclei	Bland Chromatin	Normal Nucleoli	Mitoses	Class
0	1000025	5	1	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	2
1	1002945	5	4	4	5	7	10	3	2	1	2
2	1015425	3	1	1	1	2	2	3	1	1	2
3	1016277	6	8	8	1	3	4	3	7	1	2
4	1017023	4	1	1	3	2	1	3	1	1	2
5	1017122	8	10	10	8	7	10	9	7	1	4

#### Output: 95,6% accurate





## **Unsupervised Learning**

Let the algorithm make sense of all the data

### **Clustering:**

Input is data that has no labels, no classification and no category Output is "some kind of structure"

#### **Association:**

Output is the discovery of rules between data point. "People who bought A also bought B"

### **Unsupervised Learning**

Same thing, but different

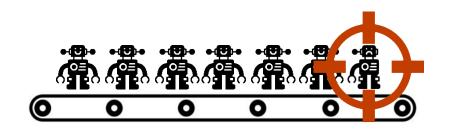
input: unlabeled data output: grouped images based on visual similarity



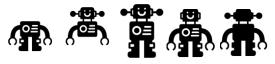


### Anomaly detection

Supervised versus Unsupervised Learning



Supervised Learning is pre-trained

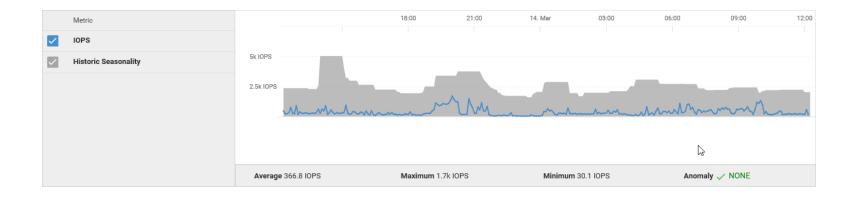


Unsupervised Learning Algorithms detects exceptions. Anything but this:



# Anomaly detection

#### CloudIQ: Dell EMC's fitness tracker



### **Deep Learning**

avg. temperature

min. temperature

max. temperature

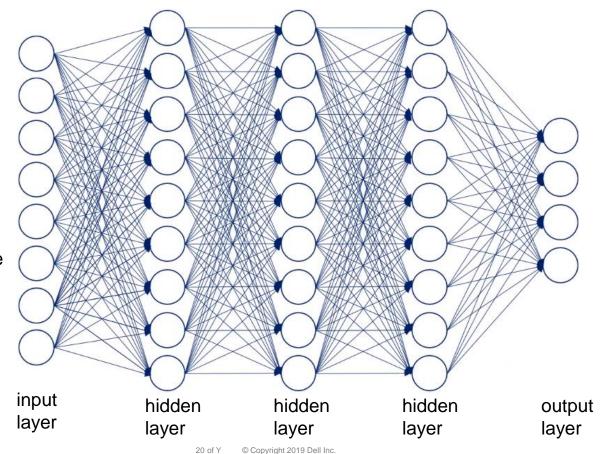
humidity

precipitation

athmospheric pressure

cloud cover

visibility

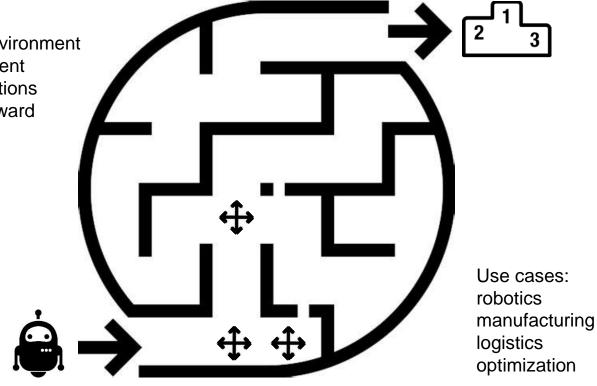


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# **Reinforcement Learning**

Roomba

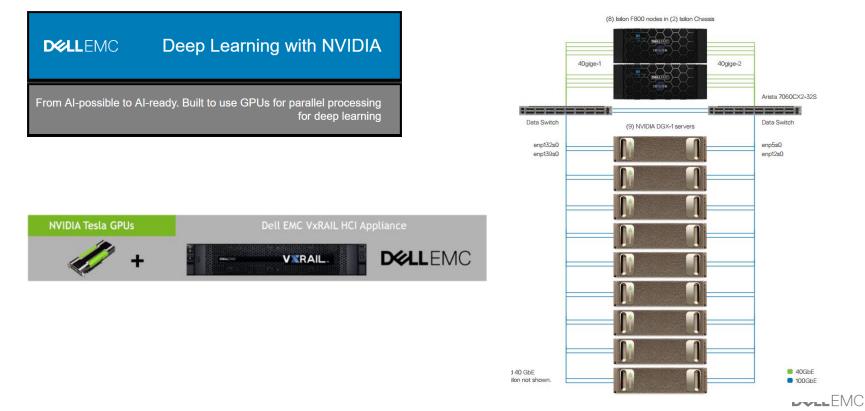
environment agent actions reward





### **DellEMC** and Nvidia

#### Architecture for AI



# Ready solutions for AI

Validated stack built to handle most demanding AI workloads

Deep Learning with



Machine Learning with





- Self-service for data scientists
- Selection of AI frameworks & libraries
- Industry-leading, scale-out architecture
- Single point of support

### www.theschool.ai

The school of AI

